

# **Grading Syllabus**

4<sup>th</sup> Kup Blue Belt

To

3<sup>rd</sup> Kup Red Tag





#### **Blue Belt Theory & Terminology**

When addressing your instructor, answering questions on Korean terminology or on any Taekwon-Do theory, students must answer with "Sir" or "Ma'am". This is courtesy, the first tenet of Taekwon-Do.

Blue Belt Colour Meaning: Blue signifies the Heaven, towards which the plant matures into a

towering tree as training in Taekwon-Do progresses.

Red Belt Colour Meaning: Red signifies danger, cautioning the student to exercise control and

warning the opponent to stay away.

Pattern: Joong-Gun Tul.

Pattern Interpretation: Joong-Gun is named after the patriot Ahn Joong-Gun who

assassinated Hiro-Bumi Ito, the first Japanese governor-general of Korea, known as the man who played the leading part in the Korea-Japan merger. There are 32 movements in this pattern to represent Mr Ahn's age when he was executed at Lui-Shung prison (1910).

**Moves in Korean** 

Reverse knife-hand outward block Sonkal dung bakaero makgi

Rear foot stance Dwit bal sogi
Upper elbow strike Wi palkup taerigi

X-fist rising block Kyocha joomuk chookyo makgi

Palm pressing block Sonbadak noollo makgi

U-shape blockDigutja makgiSlow motionNeurin dongjakTwin upset punchSang dwijibun jirugi

Angle punch Giokja jirugi
Low stance Nachuo sogi
Knee kick Moorup chagi
Flat fingertip thrust Opun sonkut tulgi
Reverse turning kick Bandae dollyo chagi

Sixty Yesun



#### Joong-Gun Tul

Interpretation: Joong-Gun is named after the patriot Ahn Joong-Gun who assassinated Hiro-Bumi Ito, the first

Japanese governor-general of Korea, known as the man who played the leading part in the Korea-Japan merger. There are 32 movements in this pattern to represent Mr Ahn's age when

he was executed at Lui-Shung prison (1910).

Ready stance: Moa Junbi Sogi B

No of moves: 32

No of stances: 6

Pattern diagram:



The instructions for this pattern assume that the student is standing on line AB and facing D.

1. Move the left foot to B, forming a right L-stance toward B while executing a middle block to B with the left reverse knife-hand.

- 2. Execute a low side front snap kick to B with the left foot, keeping the position of the hands as they were in 1.
- 3. Lower the left foot to B and then move the right foot to B, forming a left rear foot stance toward B while executing an upward block with a right palm.
- 4. Move the right foot to A, forming a left L-stance toward A, at the same time executing a middle block to A with a right reverse knife-hand.
- 5. Execute a low side front snap kick to A with the right foot, keeping the position of the hands as they were in 4.
- 6. Lower the right foot to A and then move the left foot to A, forming a right rear foot stance toward A while executing an upward block with the left palm.
- 7. Move the left foot to D, forming a right L-stance toward D while executing a middle guarding block to D with a knife-hand.
- 8. Execute a right upper elbow strike while forming a left walking stance toward D, slipping the left foot to D.
- 9. Move the right foot to D, forming a left L-stance toward D, at the same time executing a middle guarding block to D with a knife-hand.
- 10. Execute a left upper elbow strike, at the same time forming a right walking stance toward D, slipping the right foot to D
- 11. Move the left foot to D, forming a left walking stance toward D while executing a high vertical punch to D with a twin fist.

Cont/...



#### Joong Gul Tul (cont'd)

- 12. Move the right foot to D, forming a right walking stance toward D while executing an upset punch to D with a twin fist.
- 13. Move the right foot on line CD, and then turn counter-clockwise to form a left walking stance toward C while executing a rising block with an X-fist.
- 14. Move the left foot to E, forming a right L-stance toward E while executing a high side strike to E with the left back fist.
- 15. Twist the left fist counter-clockwise until the back fist faces downward, at the same time forming a left walking stance toward E, slipping the left foot to E.
- 16. Execute a high punch to E with the right fist while maintaining a left walking stance toward E. **Perform 15 & 16 in a fast motion.**
- 17. Bring the left foot to the right foot and then move the right foot to F, forming a left L-stance toward F while executing a high side strike to F with a right back fist.
- 18. Twist the right fist clockwise until the back fist faces downward while forming a right walking stance toward F, slipping the right foot to F.
- 19. Execute a high punch to F with the left fist while maintaining a right walking stance toward F. **Perform 18 & 19 in a fast motion**.
- 20. Bring the right foot to the left foot and then move the left foot to C, forming a left walking stance toward C while executing a high block to C with a left double forearm.
- 21. Execute a middle punch to C with the left fist while forming a right L-stance toward C, pulling the left foot.
- 22. Execute a middle side piercing kick to C with the right foot.
- 23. Lower the right foot to C, forming a right walking stance toward C while executing a high block to C with the right double forearm.
- 24. Execute a middle punch to C with the right fist while forming a left L-stance toward C, pulling the right foot.
- 25. Execute a middle side piercing kick to C with the left foot.
- 26. Lower the left foot to C, forming a right L-stance toward C while executing a middle guarding block to C with the forearm.
- 27. Execute a pressing block with the right palm while forming a left low stance toward D, slipping the left foot to C.
  - \*Perform in a slow motion.
- 28. Move the right foot to C, forming a left L-stance toward C while executing a middle guarding block to C with the forearm.
- 29. Execute a pressing block with the left palm while forming a right low stance toward C, slipping the right foot toward C.

Perform in a slow motion.

Cont/...



# Joong Gul Tul (cont'd)

30. Bring the left foot to the right foot, forming a close stance toward A while executing an angle punch with the right fist.

Perform in a slow motion.

- 31. Move the right foot to A, forming a right fixed stance toward A while executing a U-shape block to A.
- 32. Bring the right foot to the left foot and then move the left foot to B, forming a left fixed stance toward B, at the same time executing a U–shape block to B.

After the final move, the name of the pattern should be called out. The final move and stance should be held until the command "baro" is given; at this point the left leg is moved to form closed ready stance B facing D.

#### \*Slow Motion (Neurin Donjak)

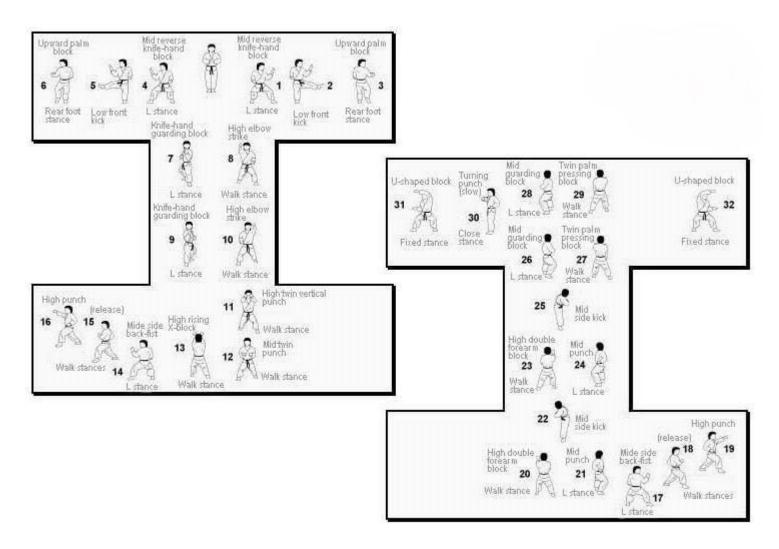
The speed of a technique is a subjective measurement and is dependent on many factors. However, a student correctly performing a technique with speed and power appropriate to the technique may consider performing the technique his or her 'normal' motion.

Therefore, anything performed slower than what can be considered as normal motion is termed 'Slow Motion'.

Although a technique may be performed in a 'Slow' motion the student must maintain the power, sine wave, balance, breath control etc. throughout the technique.



#### Joong-Gun - In Pictures





# Two Step Sparring - Ibo Matsoki

Start: Both students in attention stance.

Measure: The attacker measures a left L-stance with their right foot to the centre of the opponent's

attention stance and then returns to attention stance.

Start Positions: When the command "Junbi" is given the students move into the following stances:

Attacker (A) Step the right leg back to form a right L-stance, outer forearm guarding block. The attacker then kihaps to show they are ready (juniors may say "ready to attack")

Defender (D) Parallel ready stance. The defender then kihaps to show they are ready

(juniors may say "ready to defend")



# Two Step Sparring – Attacks & Defences

Number	A or D	Step 1	Step 2	Counter	Grade
3	А	Rear leg front snap kick into right	Step forward into left walking		
		walking stance	stance		
			Twin vertical punch to the jaw		4 <sup>th</sup> Kup
	D	Right leg back into left walking	Left leg back into right walking	Grab head (juniors pretend to do this to	Blue Belt
		stance	stance	avoid injuries), pull forward and knee	
		X-fist pressing block (RH on top)	Outer forearm wedging block	kick (Left) to the solar plexus	
4	А	Right leg forward into right walking	Rear leg side piercing kick into left		
		stance	walking stance		- 4 <sup>th</sup> Kup Blue Belt
		High section flat fingertip thrust			
	D	Right leg back into left walking	Left leg back into left L-stance	Rear leg front snap kick to coccyx into	
		stance	Inward palm pushing block (push	left walking stance	
		Knife hand rising block (LH)	kick away which will turn the	Twin upset punch to the kidneys	
			opponent)		



# **Grading Check List**

To be eligible to grade you must be able to perform the entire following checklist completely without assistance.

All the information relevant to this grading can be found in the grading syllabuses for 10<sup>th</sup> - 4<sup>th</sup> Kup.

Know everything from all the previous grading syllabuses/checklists	
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Know the meaning of the belt colours detailed in this syllabus	
Know the Korean theory detailed in this syllabus	
There will be a multiple-choice theory test with 10 questions which will be held before the practical	
grading.	
Sitting stance, 10 double punches (counting in Korean)	
Walking stance, low front kick, turning kick, double block	
40 Press ups	
First 3 moves of the pattern Joong-Gun Tul	
L-stance, knife-hand guarding block, slip front foot into walking stance, upper elbow strike	
L-stance, back fist strike, release, slip front foot into walking stance, high reverse punch	
Walking stance, double forearm block, pull front leg back into L-stance, side punch	
Turning kick, reverse turning kick	
Fixed stance, U-shape block	
4 Directional Punching (Saju Jirugi) – low block, middle punch	
4 Directional Block (Saju Makgi) – low knife-hand block, middle block	
Chon-Ji Tul	
Dan-Gun Tul	
Do-San Tul	
Won-Hyo Tul	
Yul-Gok Tul	
Joong-Gun Tul	
Three step sparring no's 1-10	
Two step sparring no's 1-4	
Free sparring (full sparring equipment, including groin guards for males and gum shields must be worn)	

To be eligible to grade, you must able to tell one of the instructors or senior Black Belts the meaning of the belt colours shown in the theory section of this syllabus and your pattern interpretation. When you can do this, you will be given a grading slip to complete and return with your grading fees.